

INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT PRIMARY SECTION ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2019-20 SOCIAL STUDIES



SET A

GRADE IV _____

TOTAL MARKS: 30

 $(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3)$

I. Choose the correct answer to fill in the blanks.

1. The _____ dam is built over River Mahanadi.

Hirakud	Bhakra Nangal	Farakka Barrage
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2. Cinnabar is an ore of ______.

Iron	Mercury	Aluminium
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3. The _______soil is formed from the lava that came out of the Volcanoes.

Laterite	Black	Red
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4. Rivers are full of water during the _____months.

		Summer	Winter	Monsoon
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5. Laterite soil is rich in _____ and Aluminium.

Iron Coal	Copper
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6. _____ was the first metal used by human beings.

Iron	Copper	Gold
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 $(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3)$

1.	Tube wells	a.	stores water in a dam	1
2.	Reservoir	b.	spices	2
3.	Jowar, Bajra etc	с.	hand pumps	3
4.	Cloves, Cardamom etc	d.	millets	4
5.	Alluvial soil	e.	rich in humus	5
6.	Mountain soil	f.	deltas	6

III. Name the following.

1. Electricity generated from the force of water.

- 2. Metal that is used for making aeroplane. ______.
- 3. Pottery belongs to this category of industries._____.
- 4. Remains of dead plants and animals._____.

IV. Give Reasons.

Q1. Environmentalists were against the construction of Tehri Dam.

Q2. Large scale industries are encouraged in India.

V. Answer any <u>three</u> of the following questions. $(3 \times 2 = 6)$

- Q1. Write any two steps taken under green revolution to increase food production.
- Q2. Explain how coal is useful to us.
- Q3. Why do we call dams as 'Multipurpose Projects'?
- Q4. Why is it important to conserve our mineral resources?

VI. Distinguish between $(2 \times 2 = 4)$

- Q1. Tank and Dam
- Q2. Metals and Non- metals

VII. MAP WORK

On the map of India, mark and shade any one state for the given crops and minerals.

- a) Cotton b) Wheat c) Tea
- a) Iron b) Gold c) Petroleum

$(4 \times 1 = 4)$

 $(2 \times 2 = 4)$

 $(6 \times 1 = 6)$



INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT PRIMARY SECTION ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2019-20 SOCIAL STUDIES SET B



GRADE IV

TOTAL MARKS: 30

I. Choose the correct answer to fill in the blanks.

1. The Farakka Barrage is built over river _____.

Ganga	Mahanadi	Satluj
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2. _____ is an example for non- metal.

Gold	Silver	Mica
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3. Hydroelectricity is the energy obtained from ______.

Sun	Coal	Water
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4. Cinnabar is an ore of _____.

Mercury	Aluminium	Copper
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5. Deltas are rich in ______soil.

Black	Red	Alluvial
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6. Laterite soil is rich in _____ and Aluminium.

Iron	Coal	Copper

$(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3)$

1.	Mountain soil	a.	Rice	1
2.	Desert Soil	b.	Sugarcane	2
3.	Staple food of India	c.	hold back river water in a reservoir.	3
4.	India is the largest producer	d.	found in places where sufficient groundwater is present.	4
5.	Wells	e.	Rajasthan	5
6.	Dams	f.	rich in humus	6

III. Name the following.

(4 x 1 = 4)

 $(2 \times 3 = 6)$

- 1. It is the best method of saving rainwater from flowing away.
- 2. This metal is widely used in electrical industry as it is a good conductor of electricity.
- 3. It is the main occupation of the people of our country.
- 4. A method of preventing soil erosion in hilly regions.

IV. Give Reasons. (2 x 2 = 4)

- Q1.India is the largest producer of Tea in the world.
- Q2. Environmentalists opposed the construction of Tehri Dam on the Bhagirathi River.

V. Answer <u>any three</u> of the following questions.

- Q1. Explain with examples the features of Cottage Industry and Large scale Industry.
- Q2. Name the Fossil Fuels? Why are they called so?
- Q3. Why are dams called "Multipurpose Projects"?
- Q4. How is coal useful to us?

VI. Distinguish between

- Q1. Well and Tube well.
- Q2. Exhaustible and Inexhaustible sources of energy.

VII. MAP WORK

On the map of India, mark and shade any one state for the given crops and minerals.

- a) Coffee b) Cotton c) Jute
- d) Coal e) Gold f) Petroleum

 $(6 x \frac{1}{2} = 3)$

$(6 \times 1 = 6)$

 $(2 \times 2 = 4)$

INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT PRIMARY SECTION ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2019-20 SOCIAL STUDIES

SET C

GRADE IV	

I. Choose the correct answer to fill in the blanks.

1. Hydroelectricity is generated from the ______.

force of wind force of water force of air

2. More _______ is stored under the ground than on the earth's surface.

water	oil	natural gas
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3. The oil drilling station named Bombay High is near ______.

Assam	Delhi	Mumbai
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4. The most useful metal is ______.

Iron	Aluminium	Gold
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5. Planting more trees is called ______

Deforestation	Afforestation	Erosion
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6. Renewable resources are ______.

soil and iron	soil and coal	soil and sunlight
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TOTAL MARKS: 30

 $(6 x \frac{1}{2} = 3)$

$(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3)$

1.	The staple food of India	a.	Bhagirathi river	1
2.	It prevents soil erosion	b.	natural resources	2
3.	Software producing centre	c.	rice	3
4.	Wells	d.	terrace farming	4
5.	Resources found in nature	e.	Bengaluru	5
6.	Tehri Dam	f.	sufficient ground water	6

III. Name the following.

- 1. A structure built across a river to hold back its water in a reservoir.
- 2. Digging out minerals from the surface of the earth.
- 3. India is the largest producer of this beverage.
- 4. Remains of dead plants and animals.

IV. Give Reasons.

- Q1. The water in the seas and oceans cannot be used for drinking or by farmers.
- Q2. Large scale industries are encouraged in India.

V. Answer <u>any three</u> of the following questions. $(3 \times 2 = 6)$

- Q1. Write any four steps taken under the green revolution to increase food production.
- Q2. What are minerals?
- Q3. Why are dams called multipurpose projects?
- Q4. Explain how coal is useful to us.

VI. Distinguish between

- Q1. Well and Tube-well.
- Q2. Metals and Non-Metals.

VII. MAP WORK

On the given map, mark and shade anyone state for the given crops and minerals:

- a) Where do we get fossil fuel? b) iron c) coal
- d) The staple food of India. e) cotton f) wheat

 $(4 \times 1 = 4)$

 $(2 \times 2 = 4)$

 $(2 \times 2 = 4)$

 $(6 \times 1 = 6)$

INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT PRIMARY SECTION ANNUAL EXAMINATION- 2019-20 SOCIAL STUDIES



SET D

GRADE IV		ТОТА	l marks: 30
I. Choose the correct a	nswer to fill in the blanks.		$(6 x \frac{1}{2} = 3)$
1. Electricity generated from	the force of water is called	·	
Dam	Tube well	Hydroelectricity	
2. Minerals from which meta	ls are obtained are called	;	
mining	ores	drilling	
3. Planting more trees is calle	ed		
Afforestation	Soil erosion	Deforestation	
4. A structure built across a r	iver to hold water in a reservoir is	called a	
dam	well	tank	
5 is formed fro	m the dead remains of plants.		
Iron	Coal	Gold	
6. Resources found in nature	are called		
Laterite soil	Red soil	Natural resources	

 $(4 \times 1 = 4)$

1.	Mahanadi river	a.	Red colour	1
2.	Important staple food	b.	Groundnuts	2
3.	Black soil	c.	Bhagirathi river	3
4.	Tehri Dam	d.	Cotton	4
5.	Oil seed	e.	Rice	5
6.	Laterite soil	f.	Hirakud dam	6

III. Name the following.

- 1. India is the largest producer of this beverage.
- 2. First metal used by humans.
- 3. Water present under the earth's surface.
- 4. Remains of dead plants and animals.

IV. Give Reasons. (2 x 2 = 4)

- Q1. Several environmentalists are opposed to large dams.
- Q2. Large scale industries are encouraged in India.

V. Answer any <u>three</u> of the following questions.

- Q1. Why are dams called "Multipurpose Projects"?
- Q2. Why is it important to conserve our mineral resources?
- Q3. Write any four steps under the green revolution to increase food production.
- Q4. Explain how coal is useful to us.

VI. Distinguish between $(2 \times 2 = 4)$

- Q1. Wells and Tube wells
- Q2. Metals and Non Metals

VII. MAP WORK

 $(6 \times 1 = 6)$

 $(3 \times 2 = 6)$

On the given map, mark and shade anyone state for the given crops and minerals:

The most important food crop of India.
The fossil fuel formed from the dead remains of sea animals
Mineral used to make ornaments
Coffee 5. Wheat 6. Iron